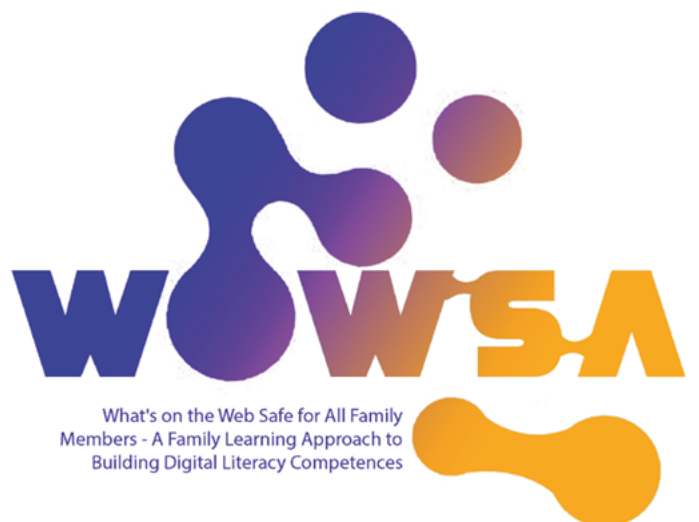




# **Cyberbullying, Digital Drama, and Hate Speech**

Advanced Level



# Cyberbullying



Cyberbullying is bullying that takes place over digital devices like cell phones, computers, and tablets. Cyberbullying can occur through SMS, Text, and apps, or online in social media, forums, or gaming where people can view, participate in, or share content. Cyberbullying includes sending, posting, or sharing negative, harmful, false, or mean content about someone else. It can include sharing personal or private information about someone else causing embarrassment or humiliation. Some cyberbullying crosses the line into unlawful or criminal behavior.

## Learn more about it: ↩

- [Stop Cyberbullying Before the Damage is Done | Trisha Prabhu | TEDxGateway](#)
- [Cyberbullying Tactics](#)
- [Effects of cyber bullying](#)
- [ACBC PROJECT](#)



## The most common places cyberbullying happens:

- Social Media, such as Facebook, Instagram, Snapchat, and Tik Tok
- Text messaging and messaging apps on mobile or tablet devices
- Instant messaging, direct messaging, and online chatting over the internet
- Online forums, chat rooms, and message boards, such as Reddit
- Email
- Online gaming communities



Rethink before you type | Trisha Prabhu | TEDxTeen

[Rethink before you type | Trisha Prabhu | TEDxTeen](#) ↩

# Digital Drama

The everyday tiffs and disputes that occur between friends or acquaintances online or via text.

Unlike cyberbullying, which involves repeated digital harassment toward someone, drama is broader and more nuanced term, encompassing several . Kids and teens sometimes use the term drama to distance themselves from emotionally difficult behavior. Digital drama can still feel very real to teenagers, lead to hurt feelings, and even damage friendships. In some cases, digital drama can escalate into an offline fight – either verbal or physical.



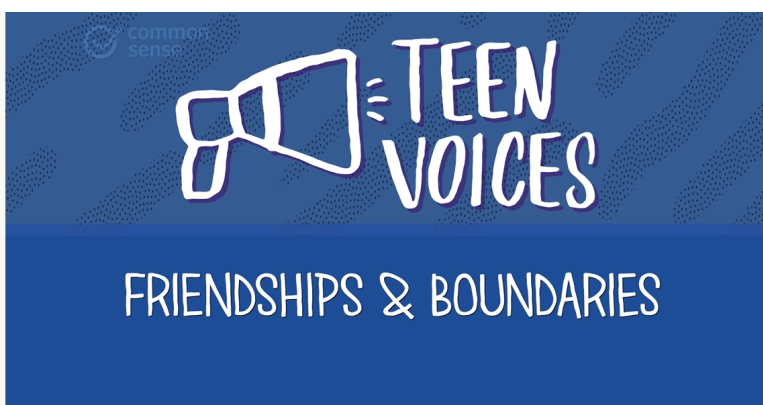
## How to deal with it?

- In general, be careful how you word things online. If you are not very kind and courteous, people may misinterpret your behavior as hostile.
- If someone insults, attacks, or criticizes you online in a way that bothers you, *do not respond*.
- If someone leaves a comment that you find to be insulting or hurtful, feel free to delete it.
- If you feel as though you **MUST** respond to someone who attacks or insults you online, kill them with kindness. Only say nice and mature things.
- Keep in mind that unkind words that someone says only have as much power as you give them.




Teen Voices: Dealing With Digital Drama

[Teen Voices: Dealing With Digital Drama](#) 



[Teen Voices: Friendships and Boundaries](#) 



[How to Respond to Online Hate Speech](#) 



# Hate Speech

Hate speech is spoken words that are offensive, insulting, and/or threatening to an individual or group based on a particular attribute of that person or persons being targeted. Targeted attributes include such traits as ethnic background, sexual orientation, race, or disability, though there are other target attributes.



What is Hate Speech? ➡



## Free Speech VS Hate Speech

Characteristics	Hate Speech	Free Speech
<b>Purpose</b>	incite violence against others	allows people to share their beliefs, thoughts, and ideas openly
<b>Encourages debate</b>	No, it encourages violence	Yes, it presents two sides of an issue
<b>Effect on Society</b>	Degrades the society through unnecessary factions	Improves the society through social change
<b>Effect on oneself</b>	Hurts oneself and gets socially punished	Generally gets supported
<b>Attitude towards minority</b>	Prejudiced	Protects and values
<b>Humane</b>	No	Yes
<b>Hate Crime</b>	Pro	Against

Source: Difference Between.net

Typical hate speech involves epithets and slurs, statements that promote malicious stereotypes, and speech intended to incite hatred or violence against a group.

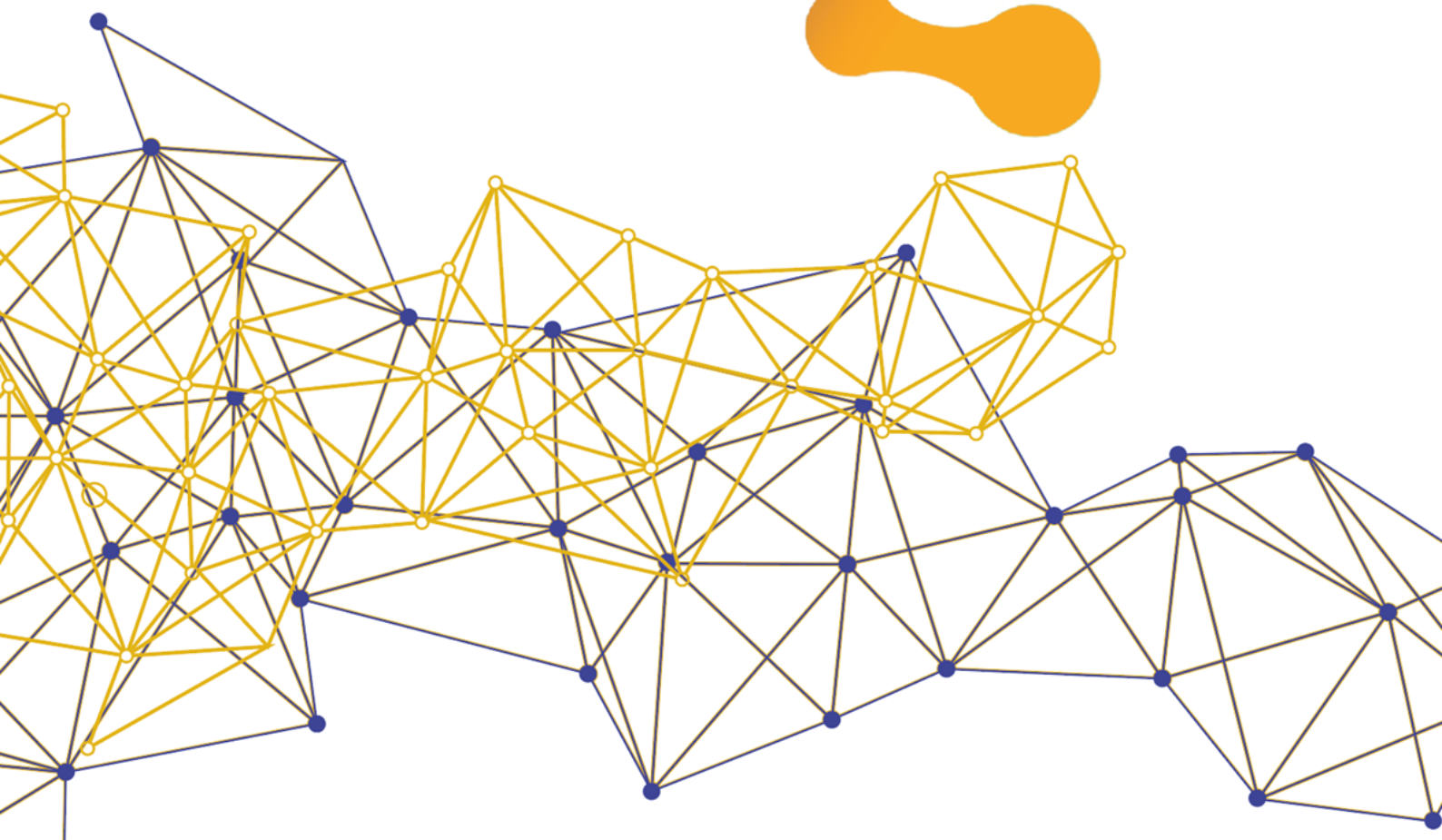
**How do teens perceive and experience hate speech online?**



Teen Voices: Hate Speech Online

Teen Voices: Hate Speech Online ➡

Freedom of expression in Europe:  
Who draws the line? ➡



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